# ALTAI Model DD 6010

Digital Multimeter

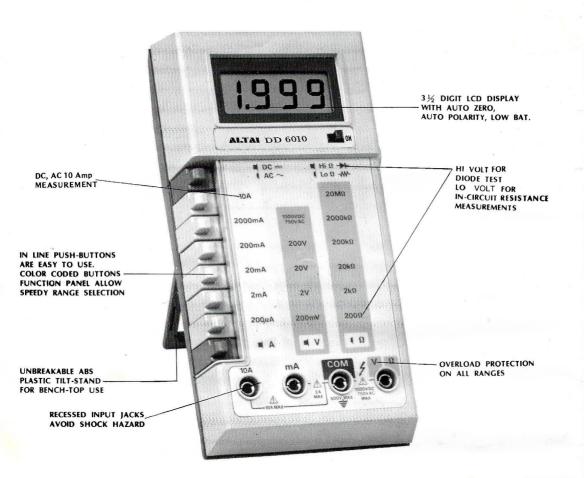


- \* 3½ Digit Liquid Crystal Display
- \* 28 Ranges
- \* 10A AC and DC Current Ranges
- \* Fully Protected (All Ranges)
- \* Hi/Lo Voltage Resistance Testing
- \* Recessed Input Jacks for Safety
- \* 2 00 Hour Battery Life

### RELIABLE, ACCURATE MEASUREMENTS

0.25% DC-VOLT ACCURACY, 10 AMP. AC-DC RANGES!

## Amazing quality at low cost !



#### INSTRUMENT INCLUDES

- 1. 9 VOLT Battery
- 2. Spare Fuse
- 3. Safety Test Lead Set
- 4. Operator's Manual
- \* Soft Carrying case (Option)

### MODEL DD 6010 SPECIFICATIONS

#### GENERAL

DISPLAY: 31/2 dight LCD. 0.5" height, with polarity

OVERRANGE INDICATION: 3 least significant digits blanked

MAXIMUM COMMON MODE VOLTAGE: 500V peak
OPERATING ENVIRONMENT: 0' to 50°C; less than 80% relative
humidity up to 35°C, less than 70%
relative humidity from 35°C to 50°C

STORAGE ENVIRONMENT: -15°C to 50°C

TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT (0° to 18°C and 28° to 50°):

Less than 0.1 x applicable accuracy specification per 'C.

POWER: 9V alkaline or carbon-zinc battery (NEDA 1604)
BATTERY LIFE: 100 hours typical with carbon-zinc cells, 200 hours
with alkaline cells

BATTERY INDICATOR: Display indicates "LO BAT" when less than 10% of life remains

DIMENSIONS, WEIGHT: 170mm long x 89mm wide x 38mm thick (6.75" x 3.5" x 1.5"). Net weight 283g (10

#### DC VOLTAGE

ACCURACY (1 YEAR)

18° to 28°C	RESOLUTION	RANGE	
	100 µV	200mV	-
	1mV	2V	
±(0.25 % of reading + 1d)	10mV	20V	
_(0.20 /0 0.10223 / 1.7	100 mV	200V	
	1 V	1000V	

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INPUT:1000VDC or peak DC non-switched.

750V peak switched INPUT RESISTANCE: 10M 20V to 1000V ranges

NORMAL MODE REJECTION RATIO: Greater than 46dB at 50Hz.

DC CURRE	NT	ACCURACY (1 YR)		MAXIMUM FULL SCALE VOLTAGE
RANGE RES	SOLUTION	18 to 28 C		DROP
200μΑ	100nA	± (1% rdg + 1d)		0.25 V
2mA	1 <i>µ</i> A	$\pm (1\% \text{ rdg} + 1\text{d})$		0.25 V
20mA	10 MA	$\pm (1\% \text{ rdg} + 1\text{d})$		0.25 V
200mA	100µ A	± (1% rdg + 1d)		0.25 V
2000mA	1mA	± (2 % rdg + 1d)		0.5 V
10 A	10 mA	$\pm (2 \% rdg + 5d)$	*	0.3 V
OVEDLOAD DE	OTECTION	m A input 2A tuco (250	11/1	

10 A input; unfused up to 15'A for 15 seconds.

#### AC VOLTAGE

RANGE RES	OLUTION	ACCURACY (1 YR) 18 to 28 C	FREQUENCY RANGE
200mV	100 µ∨		45Hz-500Hz
2V	1mV		45Hz-500Hz
20V	10mV	± (1% of rdg +5d)	45Hz-500Hz
200V	100mV		45Hz-120Hz
750V	1 V		45Hz-120Hz

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INPUT: 1000V peak non-switched, 750V peak switched, continuous except 200mV range; 15 sec max above 300V

INPUT IMPEDANCE 10M shunted by less than 100pF 20V to 750V

RESPONSE: Average responding, calibrated in rms of a sine wave

AC CURRENT			FULL SCALE
RANGE RES	SOLUTION	ACCURACY (1 YR) 18 to 28 C	VOLTAGE DROP
200μΑ	100nA	± (2% rdg + 5d)	0.25V rms
2mA	1 <b>µ</b> A	$\pm (2\% \text{ rdg} + 5d)$	0.25V rms
20mA	10 MA	± (2% rdg + 5d)	0.25V .rms
200mA	100µ A	'±(2% rdg + 5d)	0.25V rms
2000mA	1mA	$\pm (3\% \text{ rdg} + 5d)$	0.5. V rms
10 A	10 mA	$\pm (3\% \text{ rdg } + 5d)$	0.3 V rms
OVERLOAD PE	ROTECTION	mA input 2A fuse (250)	V)

 $10\,\mathrm{A}$  input; unfused up to 15A  $\,$  for  $\,$  15 seconds.

#### RESISTANCE

RANGE	RESOL	UTION		JRACY (1 YR) 8" to 28"C
200	100m	ohm	± (0.5	5% rdq + 4d)
2k	1	ohm -	+ (0.	% rdg + 1d)
20K	10	ohm	± (0.	5% rdg + 1d)
200K	100	ohm	± (O.:	5% rdg + 1d)
2000K	1K	ohm	± (1	% rdg + 1d)
20M	10k	ohm	± (2	% rdg + 1d)
	 			AND THE PARTY OF T

MAXIMUM OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE: 2.8V Hi, 280mv Lo, at nominal 9V bat.

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INPUT: 200V DC or rms

#### FULLY OVERLOAD PROTECTED, UL1244

Overload protection is accomplished on all ranges. For overvoltages protection a selected sparkgap with low capacitance is used which proved superior in performance to Varistors used other instruments. An inrush current limiter protects the resistance ranges. A pair of fast switching high current silicon diodes plus a fuse provide excellent protection on all current ranges. Furthermore, the input of the A/C converter is overvoltage protected and the battery eliminator input is protected against overvoltage and reverse polarity.

A 2 Amp fuse protects the 2mA through 2000mA current range. Do not replace the fuse with a higher rated value or instrument damage that is not covered by the warranty may occur.

#### HI-LOW RESISTANCE/DIODE CHECK

On all resistance ranges a HI (2.8V); and LOW(280mV) is available Test Voltage is push-button switch selectable (2nd function of AC/DC switch). Low voltage allows convenient in-circuit measurements of all electronic components. Without affecting semi-conductors.

NOTICE: TURN TEST CIRCUIT POWER OFF AND DISCHARGE ALL CAPACITORS BEFORE ATTEMPTING IN-CIRCUIT RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The power switch is on the right side below the display. It is recommended that for maximum battery life, the switch should be left in the off position when measurements are not being taken. The top button sets the instrument for AC operation in the "in" position, for DC in the "out" position, when measuring either current or voltage. When measuring ohms, the same button selects either a 2.8 voltage in the "out" position or a 280mV voltage in the "in" position. Use of these voltages is explained in the section entitled "Measuring Resistance" The bottom button sets.the instrument for measuring voltage and current in the "Out" position. The light colored button selects the ranges as indicated.

On DC measurements a "-" sign in the display means the common is positive, the other lead negative.

A reading exceeding the selected range is indicated by the appearance of the left hand "1" and the absence of the three remaining digits to the right

#### **MEASURING DC VOLTS**

- Black lead in "COMMON", red lead in "VΩ".
- 2. Top button:"OUT"
- 3. Bottom button "OUT"
- Push range selector button to the voltage range on volt scale higher than expected voltage.

CAUTION: DO NOT MEASURE OVER 1000 VOLTS DC TO AVOID DANGER TO OPERATOR AND INSTRUMENT. DO NOT CONNECT "COMMON" TO VOLTAGE SOURCES OVER 500 VOLTS ABOVE GROUND TO AVOID RISK OF SERIOLIS SHOCK

- 5. Turn power "ON".
- 6. If a "1" shows with no other digits, scale chosen was too low; push successive higher range buttons until a 3-digit or 4-digit number appears. If the display number is less than "200", going to a lower range will increase the resolution and accuracy.
- 7. If "-" shows on display "COMMON" lead is "+" "VΩ" lead (Red) is "-".

#### MEASURING DC CURRENT

- 1. Black lead in "COMMON": red lead in "mA" for 200 µA to 2000 mA (when measuring up to and more than DC 2000 mA red lead in 10A)
- 2 Top button "OUT"
- 3. Bottom button "OUT"
- 4. Push range selector button to the current range on scale higher than expected current, not to exceed 2 amps. (10A at 10A range) 5. Turn power "ON"
- 6. If a "1" shows with no other digits, scale chosen was too low push successive higher range buttons until a 3-digit or 4-digit number appears. If the display number is less than "200" going to a lower range will increase the resolution and accuracy
- 7. If "-" shows on display "COMMON" lead is "+ " "mA ' or 10A lead (Red) is "-

#### MEASURING AC VOLTS

- One lead in "COMMON": other lead in "VΩ"
- 2 Ton button "IN"
- 3 Bottom button "OUT"
- 4. Push range selector button to the voltage range on volt scale higher than expected voltage
- CALITION: DO NOT MEASURE OVER 750 VOLTS AC TO AVOID DANGER TO OPERATOR AND INSTRUMENT, DO NOT CONNECT "COMMON" TO VOLTAGE SOURCES OVER 500 VOLTS ABOVE GROUND TO AVOID BISK OF SERIOUS SHOCK.
- 5. Turn power "ON"
- 6. If a "1" shows with no other digits, scale chosen was too low; push successive higher range buttons until a 3-digit or 4-digit number appears. If the display number is less than "200", goin to a lower range will increase the resolution and accuracy
- 7. Accurate readings can be taken over the range from 45Hz to 500 Hz. Readings are calibrated to read RMS for sine waves only.

#### MEASURING AC CURRENT

- 1. One lead in "COMMON", the other in "mA" for 200 µA to 2000 mA (when measuring up to and more than AC 2000 mA, red lead in 10A)
- 2. Top button "IN"
- 3. Bottom button "OUT"
- 4. Push range selector button to the current range on left hand side scale higher than expected current, not to exceed 2 amps. (10A at 10A range)
- 6. If a "1" shows with no other digits, scale chosen was too low; push successive higher range buttons until a 3-digit or 4-digit number appears. If the display number is less than "200", going to a lower range will increase the resolution and accuracy.
- 7. Accurate readings can be taken over the range from 45Hz to 500 Hz. Readings are calibrated to read RMS for sine waves only.

#### **MEASURING RESISTANCE**

- 1. Black lead in "COMMON", red lead in "VΩ
- 2. Bottom button "IN"
- 3. Push range selector button to the resistance range on the  $\Omega$ scale higher than expected resistance
- 4. If taking resistance readings on components that are not voltage sensitive, leave the top button out. This applies 2.8 volts to the device and gives somewhat higher accuracy. This position is also used when checking front to back ratios on semiconductors since the voltage exceeds the turn on threshold of most devices. The black lead will be negative and the red lead positive if step 1 is followed.
- 5. If taking resistance readings on components in a circuit where voltage sensitive components are involved, push the top button "IN" This drops the voltage at the test leads to 280 mV, which is below the threshold of operation of most semiconductors.

Make certain when taking resistance readings that circuits are deenergized and capacitors are discharged to avoid a blown fuse in this 6010 due to excessive current.

- 6. Turn power "ON"
- 7. If a "1" shows, with no other digits, scale chosen was too low. Push successive higher range buttons until a 3-digit or 4-digit number appears. If the display number is less than "200", going to a lower range will increase the the resolution and accuracy.

#### USE OF AC ADAPTOR

A lack is provided on the right side of this 6010 for connection to an AC adaptor. Connection is made by means of a coaxial power plug with the center pin positive and the barrel negative. Since the 6010, may be connected to high voltages, the adaptor used must be capable of safely withstanding such voltages above ground. Additionally the adaptor must deliver 9 volts at the very light current drain of the 6010 (typically 9-yolt 100m4 or 300m4 adaptors will deliver 12 yolts or higher at these very low currents)

#### BATTERY REPLACEMENT

CAUTION: BEFORE ATTEMPTING BATTERY REMOVAL OR BEPLACEMENT DISCONNECT TEST LEADS FROM ANY ENERGIZED CIRCUITS TO AVOID SHOCK HAZARD

When the 9-volt battery has reached the end of its useful life, the words "LO BAT" will appear in the upper left corner of the LCD screen. To replace battery, the plastic tilt stand must first be removed. Merely squeeze the two sides to disengage the hinge pins from the back cover. To remove the battery compartment cover, press inward while sliding it downward. Unsnap the battery connector and replace on the new 9 volt transistor battery. For maximum life, alkaline cells are recommended although any standard 9 volt battery is suitable. Replace the battery compartment cover and the tilt stand

#### FUSE REPLACEMENT

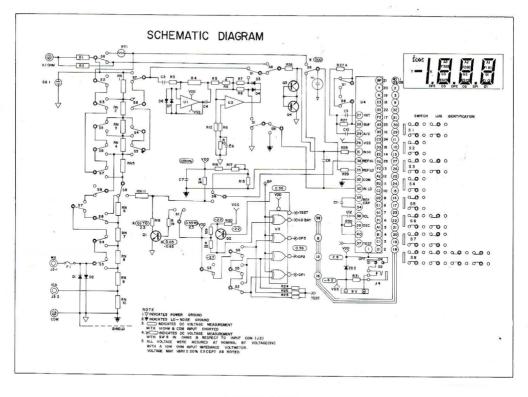
CAUTION: BEFORE REMOVING REAR COVER, DISCONNECT METER FROM ANY ENERGIZED CIRCUITS TO AVOID SHOCK HAZARD

Fuse rarely need replacement and blow almost always as a result of operator orror

A spare 2 amp fuse are supplied inside the case. The 2 amp fuse protects the current measuring circuits which measure up to 2000mA. Should either require replacement, follow the disassembly procedure givenin the Calibration Procedure. If the 2 amp fuse requires replacement, pull it out of its clips and insert a new one. The spare fuse, are stored in a compartment on the inside of the rear plastic. cover, next to the battery compartment. They are held in place by a small piece of foam.

#### CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

Recalibration should not be necessary for long intervals. In no event should adjustments be made without highly accurate voltage standards (better than 0.1% accuracy). First, remove the 9 volt battery (as described above). Remove the 3 Phillips-head screws. Carefully remove the plastic back cover. Do not lose the plastic guidstrip that rests on the pushbuttons. Reconnect the 9 volt battery. With the instrument operating and set to the 200mV DC range, apply 190mV DC from an accurate source. With a small screwdriver inserted into the hole marked "D.C. ADJ", carefully turn the variable resistor into the reading until the reading reads 190mV. With the 6010 set to the 200mV AC range apply an accurate 190mV pure sine wave at a frequency between 45 and 500 Hz. Insert a small screwdriver in the hole marked "A.C. ADJ." and turn carefully until meter reads 190mV. Reassemble by reversing the disassembly procedure. Make certain the plastic guide strip is fitted into the rear cover with the guide posts away from the outer edge of the cover.



#### PARTS LIST

PART	DESCRIPTION	PART	DESCRIPTION
U1, U2	IC, LOW POWER DUAL OP AMP	R17	RESISTOR, SEMI FIXED 2KΩ
U3,	IC, C-MOS QUAD EX-OR GATE	R18	RESISTOR, 50Ω 5% ¼W C.F.
U4,	LSI, 3½ DIGIT A/D CONVERTER	R19	RESISTOR, 50KΩ 5% ¼W C.F.
Q1-Q4	TR. Si NPN SWIT	R20	RESISTOR, 220KΩ 5% ¼W C.F.
ZD2	DIODE, ZENNER 12V 1W	R21	RESISTOR, 1MΩ 1% ¼W C.F.
D1, D2	DIODE, Si RECT. 3A 50V	R22-R25	RESISTOR, 1MΩ 5% ¼W C.F.
D3, D4, D6, D7	DIODE, Si SWIT. 0.1A 75V	R26	RESISTOR, 1MΩ 5% ½W C.F.
RN1-RN5	RESISTOR NETWORK $9M\Omega$ , $900K\Omega$ ,	R27 A	RESISTOR, 510KΩ 1% ¼W M.F.
	90ΚΩ, 9ΚΩ, 900Ω.	R27 B	RESISTOR, 51 KΩ 1% ¼W M.F.
RN6-RN8	RESISTOR NETWORK 90 Ω 9 Ω;	R29	RESISTOR, 470KΩ 5% ¼W C.F.
V	0.9Ω	R30	RESISTOR, 113KΩ 1% ¼W M.F.
RN9	PRECISION RESISTOR 0.09Ω	R31	RESISTOR, 47KΩ 5% ¼W C.F.
RN10	0.01Ω Mn.W. MFG ADJ.	C3	CAP, MYLAR 0.022µF 10% 1000V
RN11	PRECISION RESISTOR 100 Ω	C4	CAP, TANTALUM 10µF 20% 15V
R1	RESISTOR, 100Ω 5% ½W C.F.	C6, C8	CAP, MYLAR 0.1 µF 10% 100V
R2	RESISTOR, 1M Ω 5% ¼W C.F.	C7	CAP, TANTALUM 4.7µF 20% 15V
R3	RESISTOR, 10KΩ 5% ¼W C.F.	C9	CAP, POLY PROPL 0.22µF 10% 160V
R4	RESISTOR, 2.2MΩ 5% ¼W C.F.	C10	CAP, MYLAR 0.22µF 10% 100V
R5	RESISTOR, 4.93KΩ 1% ¼W M.F.	C11	CAP, MYLAR 0.1 µF 10% 100V
R6	RESISTOR, SEMI FIXED 500Ω	C12	CAP, M1CA 100pF 5% 500V
R7, R8	RESISTOR, 5.62KΩ 1% ¼W M.F.	SG1	SPARK GAP 1000V PC
R9	RESISTOR, 5.6K 5% ¼W M.F.	ST1	IN RUSH CURRENT LIMITTER
R10	RESISTOR, 400KΩ 5% ¼W C.F.		1KΩ 20% 8mA, 500V
R12	RESISTOR, 200K 5% ¼W C.F.	SW1-SW8	PUSH BUTTON SWITCH SET
R14	RESISTOR, 1KΩ 5% ¼W C.F.	SW9	SLIDE SWITCH SPDT
R15	RESISTOR, 1KΩ 1% ¼W C.F.	J4	DC JACK
R16	RESISTOR, 10KΩ 5% ¼W C F.	LCD	3½ DIGIT LCD

SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE QUALITY!

